



SECTION D

Cadillac 355 V-8 Supplementary Sales Data

Presentation Outline

Sales Data

EXTERNAL APPEARANCE STORY

Side View

Balance..... Large quarter windows. Small overhang of body.

Hood, Cowl..... Well proportioned. Hoods have door ports. Leather corner pads on hood.

Fenders and Running Boards.... 18-gauge metal. Wire reinforced in rolled edge. Stainless steel moulding. Fender shelf one-piece construction.

Head-on-View

Head Lamps..... 10¼-inch lens.

Wiring..... Chromium supports.

Bumpers..... Unusually strong. Bumper brackets integral with frame.

COMFORT—THE PASSENGER STORY

Comfort

Rear Door..... Door width, 29¾ inches. Opening and closing action cushioned by spring in door check.

Head Room..... Height, 49 inches (from floor).

Upholstery..... Seven optional cloths—three Broadcloths, two Mohairs, two Whipcords. Shoulder support—seat back 21 inches high.

Leg Room..... Ample space for baggage if required. Quarter lights for convenience and comfort at night.

Hardware..... Strong and durable. Ternstedt make. All doors can be locked.

Radio..... All Sedan and Coupe bodies wired for radio installation.

THE OWNER-DRIVER STORY

Front Seat	
Door.....	Width 36½ inches. Front seat frame covered with upholstery. No exposed metal.
Adjustment.....	4 inches maximum adjustment.
Comfort.....	Shoulder support—seat back 21 inches high.
Vision.....	Unobstructed by left middle pillar.
Steering Wheel.....	18 inches diameter. Moulded Bakelite wheel with steel core prevents splintering.
Steering Type.....	Hourglass type worm provides more contact surface with sector.
Controls	
Instrument Board..	Well lighted by 2 lights. Oil gauge pressure 30 lbs. at 30 M. P. H. Shutters open at 155 degrees. Full open at 180 degrees.
Windshield.....	Seven-degree angle. Glass channels chrome plated.
Double Wiper.....	Greater safety with wiping of entire windshield for bad weather driving.
Ignition—Transmission Lock.....	Turning off ignition automatically locks car.

EXTERNAL FEATURES STORY

Wheel base.....	134 inches.
Turning Radius....	23 feet 10 inches (right and left). Over-all length (fender wells) 202¾ inches. Over-all length of car with reartirecarrier (Sedans) 203½ inches.
Wheels	
Quality.....	12 spokes, of second growth hickory, set under hydraulic pressure. Lateral lacing of spokes in wire wheels provides greater strength.

EXTERNAL FEATURES STORY—Cont.

Optional Equipment.....	5-wheel. Wire \$. Demountable wood \$. Disc \$. 6-wheel (including fender wells, 2 spare tires and trunk rack). Wire \$. Demountable wood \$. Disc \$. Tires in fender wells supported by frame bracket do not chafe from rubbing against metal.
Ball Bearings.....	Make—New Departure.
Tires.....	Size wood wheels standard 6.50 x 19. Demountable wood or wire or disc 7.00 x 18. Optional tires—United States, Firestone and Goodyear. Pressure 40 lbs. rear, 45 lbs. front. No extra charge for larger tires on optional wheel equipment.
Springs	
Construction.....	Silico-Manganese steel. Semielliptical (rolled point).
Sizes:	
(a) Front.....	9 leaves 38" x 2" } Underslung.
(b) Rear.....	11 leaves 58" x 2" }
Lubrication.....	Graphite and grease lubricant used in metal covers. Alemite system for shackles.
Covers.....	Metal with spring clips on rear springs.
Spring Shackles....	Compression type.
Duodraulic Shock Absorbers	
Adjustments.....	Varying sizes of metering pins.
Lubrication.....	Alemite nipples.

EXTERNAL FEATURES STORY—Cont.

Frame	
Strength.....	Size—Depth 8 inches; thickness $\frac{5}{8}$ inches; pressed carbon steel; width top flange 3 inches; bottom flange $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches.
Cross Members.....	Seven.

FISHER BODY STORY

Wood and Steel	
Strength.....	
Preparation.....	After milling, wood seasons for three months. Then it is kiln dried to 5 per cent moisture content and cut to size. Curved pieces are cut, not steam bent. After cutting, pieces are again stored for seasoning. (Steam bent process allows wood to warp, lose shape.)
Body Frames	
Paneling	
Body Features	
Roof.....	Assembled separately from body.
Doors.....	Resist weaving.
Body Mounting....	Anti-squeak, nonhardening paste is used.
Safety Glass	
Construction.....	Center layer of pyroxalin is coated with cementing substance (cellulose acetate) and two pieces of heavy plate glass are pressed to either side under a pressure of 360 lbs. per square inch.
Ability	
Manufacturing	
Control	

GENERAL MOTORS STORY

General Motors leadership and affiliation helps Cadillac	
Purchasing Economy Means Added Value	
Value of Research Accomplishments...	Valve silencer, 2-plane crankshaft, vacuum assister brake, intake muffler, Duco, ethyl compound, harmonic balancer.
Proving Ground	
Purpose.....	A yardstick to measure all cars, even foreign makes and competitors.
Size.....	1245 acres.
Parts Quality	
Control.....	Such firms as Harrison Radiator Corp., A. C. Spark Plug, Delco Products, Delco-Remy Corp., Hyatt Bearings Div., New Departure Mfg. Company, etc.
Service.....	Uniform and national service through United Motors.
GMAC	
Rates.....	Lower rates than other companies.

GENERAL MOTORS STORY—Cont.

Protection.....	Greater protection to policy holders.
Cooperation.....	Being a unit of General Motors it has a friendly interest in dealer and purchaser.
Summary	

Mechanical Features

THE V-8 ENGINE STORY

Engine Improvements	
Model and Serial No.....	Model 355. Engine numbers start at 800,001.
Engine Size.....	Bore $3\frac{3}{8}$ inches, stroke $4\frac{1}{8}$ inches. Displacement 355 cubic inches. Compression 108 lbs. at 1000 R.P.M. Compression ratio 5.35 to 1. Optional 5.26 to 1.
Horsepower.....	N.A.C.C. rating 36.45 actually develops more than 95 H.P. at 3000 R.P.M. Maximum R.P.M. about 4200.
Gear Ratios.....	(Sizes) 4 to 1; 4.40 to 1; 4.75 to 1.
Intake Muller.....	Resonance type.
Strong Crankcase...	Silicon aluminum. Non-resonant. Heavily ribbed for strength and strong support to bearing bridges. Separate from engine block. Reduces service costs in case of accident. Lower half is pressed-steel oil pan. 5-point suspension.
Reasons for Superiority of V-type Principle Engines	
Torsional Vibration Cancelled.....	Known also as twist, whip, crankshaft wind up.

THE V-8 ENGINE STORY—Cont.

Short Crankshaft...	Length $23\frac{3}{8}$ inches (outer ends of front to rear bearings). High carbon steel. Completely machined all over. Compensators bolted to shaft and spot welded to insure rigidity. Weighs 68 lbs. 2 oz. Diameter $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches.
Main Bearings.....	Three main bearings. Babbitt-bronze backed. Clearance .001 inch to .0015 inch. Dimensions: Front, $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches; center, $1\frac{5}{8}$ inches by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches; rear, $2\frac{7}{8}$ inches by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches (combined length $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches). Rear bearing takes thrust. Bearing area $48\frac{1}{8}$ square inches. Replacement cost \$39.85. Compares with \$115.50 on Packard 8.
Complete Engine Ventilation.....	Positive circulation of air through crankcase lubricates valve springs in valve chamber. Compensators on crankshaft when turning act as air pump, drawing air through inlet breather at side of left block and discharging it through two vent tubes one each at front of left block and rear of right block.
Engine Parts	
Connecting Rods...	Material—Drop-forged chrome molybdenum steel. Bearing material poured Babbitt. No shims used. Bearing clearance .001 to .0025. Rods can be removed through bottom of engine without taking off cylinder head. Diameter of rifle-drilled passage $\frac{7}{16}$ inches. Set of 8 rods balanced within $\frac{1}{8}$ ounce each. Journal width and length $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches by $1\frac{3}{8}$ inches. Length center to center $10\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Both ends diamond bored.

THE V-8 ENGINE STORY—Cont.

Camshaft.....	Morse chain drive from crankshaft. Chain $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches wide, 27 inches long. Material high carbon steel forging. Drilled from end to end for oil passage. Four bearings: No. 1, $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches by $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches; No. 2, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 1 inch; No. 3, $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches by $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches; No. 4, $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches by $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches. Weight $9\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Turns at one half crankshaft speed. Distributor drive gear separate on shaft. Can be replaced without installing new camshaft.
Pistons.....	Material—Close-grained nickel-iron piston. 3 times harder than aluminum. 3 compression rings above piston pin. 1 oil ring below pin. Lightweight—tapered skirt. Piston weight, without rings, pin or bushing, 24 ounces. Hand fitted to limits of .003 inches. Piston pin locked by set screw—in piston boss. Piston pin length $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches, diameter $\frac{7}{8}$ inch. Piston ring make—perfect circle. Pistons and rods each held to $\frac{1}{16}$ -ounce limit in weight.
Cylinder Heads....	Cover plates protect wiring.
Cylinders.....	Cast en bloc of 4. Machined, reamed and honed to finish. Honing gives glasslike finish to cylinder walls and adds life to pistons and rings. Blocks are staggered to permit use of side-by-side connecting rods. Crankcase cast separately from blocks. Blocks are interchangeable.

THE V-8 ENGINE STORY—Cont.

Manifolds.....	Expansion joints at front of motor.
Exhaust....	Porcelain finish. Two 4-port cast iron, Y connection.
Intake.....	Two two-port cast-iron; diameter $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches.
Chains.....	Morse. Timing chain drives camshaft from crankshaft. Generator and pump driven from crankshaft. Two chains distribute load, longer life. Adjustment of position of water pump and generator mounting takes up chain stretch. Timing chain width $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches, length 27 inches. Generator and pump chain width $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches.
Valves.....	16 valves operated by single camshaft. Valve action through rollers on cam slide. Diameter valve lifter $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches.
Inlet.....	Inlet valve Tungsten. Diameter $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches (clear). Valve seat angle 30 degrees.
Exhaust....	Exhaust valve silichrome. Diameter $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches (clear). Valve seat 45 degrees. Valve lift $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch valve guides—removable. Lubricated through ports in cylinder walls. Valve spring pressure open 160 lbs. Closed 79 lbs. Valve springs retained by split tapered bushing and not by pin which is liable to shear off.

COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling System

Capacity.....	6 gallons.
Pump.....	Impeller type. Connected to generator with laminated couplings. Safety pin in shaft sheers off if pump is frozen, and protects chain. Location on outside of engine. Greater accessibility. Has positive nozzle action. Better design than agitator type mounted in cylinder block. Pump delivers 5880 gallons per hour (41,000 lbs.) at 3200 R. P. M. (98 gallons per minute).
Circulation.....	Cylinder blocks interconnected by brass tubes cast integral with crankcase providing equal distribution of water. One drain plug on inlet elbow on the right-hand cylinder block accessible from above. Water is changed approximately 1175 times per hour in engine at 65 M.P.H. taking heat out of engine quickly.
Radiator.....	Make—Harrison cellular with copper core because it is an efficient conductor of heat and resists corrosion. Pressed steel casing is copper plated and polished, then nickel plated twice and polished, then chrome plated.
Shutters.....	Built in. Opens 155 degrees to 165 degrees. Closes 175 degrees to 165 degrees. Thermostat controlling shutters mounted in radiator in direct path of water flow from engine. Assist in quick warming up of engine in cold weather starting.

COOLING SYSTEM—Cont.

Fan.....	Own make—six blades—Diameter 21 inches. Automatically lubricated by oil pump in engine. Fan belt $7\frac{1}{8}$ inches wide, $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, endless V-type design. Driven from pulley on crankshaft. Fan belt drives fan only. Belt adjustment by raising or lowering fan bracket.
Advantages of V-type Cadillac cooling over Straight-8 Design..	6 advantages.
Engine Lubrication Importance.....	Determines life of car. Protects the precision of the parts.
Pressure System....	Capacity, 8 quarts. Pressure by gear type oil pump. 8 quarts of oil pass through oil passage in 43 seconds at 3000 R. P. M. Pump driven by lower end of distributor shaft from spiral gear on camshaft.
Filter and Screen...	AC filter located on by-pass in oil line. No danger of stopping circulation to engine. Oil screen covers oil pan, strains oil returning from engine; prevents sediment collection at pump.
Regulator.....	Accessible location on outside at front of engine. Oil flows over timing and water pump chains. Automatic pressure type. Valve opens at 11 lbs. pressure approximately 10 M.P.H. Normal oil pressure 30 lbs. at 30 M.P.H.
Gauge.....	Float type. Positive reading. Located at rear of engine. Change oil every 2000 miles.

CHASSIS LUBRICATION

System	
Lubricants.....	Alemite—High pressure. Lubricant must reach bearing to accomplish purpose. 4 kinds are necessary and supplied in Cadillac: Engine Oil—Differential and Transmission Grease—Chassis Lubricant—Rear Axle Grease.
Pressure System....	Ordinary hand grease gun pressure 500 lbs. to square inch, higher pressure with service station equipment insures distribution of lubricant to bearing surface and expels dirt. Positive protection regardless of weather. So-called automatic systems use only low pressure in line, 45 lbs. and oil reaches bearing points through drip oilers. Some systems use capillary action only, caused by movement of car when in operation.
Schedule and Charges.....	Cadillac standard lubrication schedule specifies visit to service station 30 day periods (or every 1000 miles). Charge for positive lubrication of all points on car costs no more than partial service necessary with centralized systems.
Manual Lubrication also necessary with automatic system...	No possible chance of forgetting universal joint lubrication on Cadillac. Variable mileage periods when different parts need attention supplemented by necessity to remember daily operation of plunger makes so-called automatic systems less efficient when compared with Cadillac standard lubrication service at same cost.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Ignition	
Distributor.....	Delco-Remy Two contact arms—4-lobe cam. Jump spark type. Firing order 1L; 4R; 4L; 2L; 3R; 3L; 2R; 1R. A.C. Metric (18 m.m.) spark plugs. Wiring in insulated cable in metal conduits. Re-checking timing through hole in fly-wheel cover on transmission case.
Starter.....	Ratio between starter and flywheel 25 to 1 (approx.). Engine cranking speed 90-100 R.P.M.
Battery.....	120 amp. hour, 6-volt. Positive terminal grounded.
Generator.....	2-pole. 19 M.P.H. maximum normal charging speed. Thermostat opening temperature 175 degrees F. Positive chain driven instead of through fan belt.
Breaker.....	Short circuit indicated by buzzing. Nothing to replace. No fuses to use or replace.
Spark Control.....	Automatic advance 28 degrees. Manual advance (on dash) 19 degrees.
Ignition Lock.....	Greater protection against car theft than cars with only ignition switch.

FUEL SYSTEM

Fuel System	
Tank.....	21-22 gallons.
Fuel Feed and Vacuum Pump.....	Stewart - Warner vacuum tank. Driven by camshaft located at rear of engine. Assures engine adequate fuel supply regardless of speed or hill climbing.

FUEL SYSTEM—Cont.

Carburetor	
Type.....	Own make. Air valve single jet type. 2-inch throat. One adjustment.
Features.....	Thermostatic control of vapor and air volumes. Thermostats in auxiliary air valve open at 65 degrees to 85 degrees. 2 thermostats to relieve bowl pressures. First, opens at 74 degrees to 78 degrees. Second, opens at 125 degrees to 130 degrees.
Plunger Pump.....	To provide carburetor with extra gas for quick acceleration.
Intake Muffler.....	Developed by General Motors Research (see engine improvements).

POWER TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Clutch	
Type.....	Plate type. Dry. Own make. 3 driving plates, 2 driven discs. Outside diameter 10 inches. Inside diameter 7 inches. Balanced statically and dynamically, 12 springs.
Release.....	Very light driven discs and hub, giving very little inertia, reduce the spinning action. No drag permits quick, smooth engagement.
Design.....	Facings of woven asbestos material. Thickness .135 inch to .145 inch ($\frac{3}{64}$ inch). Clutch facing area 160 square inches.
Transmission	
Design.....	Syncro-Mesh 3 speeds forward, 1 reverse. Selective. Oil capacity, 3 quarts. Unit with power plant.
Superiorities.....	Anybody who can drive can change gears without clashing. Less complicated than any 4-speed transmission.

POWER TRANSMISSION SYSTEM—Cont.

Gear Reductions in Transmission....		Reverse 3.0 to 1	Second 1.5 to 1
		Low 2.5 to 1	High 1.0 to 1
Rear Axle			
$\frac{3}{4}$-Floating Type....		Cadillac make. $\frac{3}{4}$ -floating. Spiral bevel gears. Propeller shaft tubular, 2-inch diameter. Road clearance under center of rear axle $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Oil capacity 3 quarts.	
Torque Tube Drive		Strong tube enclosing drive shaft. One universal joint only. Relieves springs of driving strains and stresses.	
Bearings.....		Two tapered roller in differential carrier. 2 ball in pinion shaft. 1 ball on each rear wheel.	
Universal Joints....		X-type Spicer make. Only one is used. No worry about lubrication as on other cars.	
Axle Shafts.....		1 $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch diameter enclosed in strong housing with welded inner sleeve. Wheels mounted on bearings on outside of axle housing, taking load off axle shafts.	
Ring Gears and Pinions.....		All pinions and ring gears are manufactured by Cadillac, matched and adjusted in final assembly in sound-proof room.	
Tread.....		59 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches.	
Ratios.....		4 to 1; 4.40 to 1; 4.75 to 1.	

Presentation Outline	Sales Data
BRAKING SYSTEM	
Brakes	
Design.....	Internal expanding. Safety mechanical brakes. Aluminum brake shoes operated with articulated linkage by cam, assures full contact of shoes with drums at all times. Brake lining 2 inches wide, length 21 $\frac{5}{8}$ inches per wheel. Total braking area 173 square inches (1.2 square feet). 100 per cent effective when used.
Self-centering Cams and Articulated Link.....	
Drums.....	Pressed steel. Machined to close limits, fully assembled with hub. (7/1000-inch limits.) Rear wire wheel hubs have two flanges reducing possibility of wheel collapse from skidding or accident.
Roller Bearings....	Cadillac only company to use roller bearings (15 sets) to reduce friction in braking system. Ordinarily 50 per cent braking effort is lost between pedal and the wheels, because of friction in brake shafts.
Adjustment.....	Micrometer adjustment, made by turning one nut on outside of each dust shield. Complete adjustment and testing operation in 30 minutes.
Competitors' 2-Shoe Brakes do not match Cadillac.....	Competitors using 2-shoe brakes, do not have articulated linkage, self-centering cams, aluminum shoes or roller bearings.
General.....	Braking power division 50-50. Lead plates on tips of large brake shoes lubricate inside drum braking surface to prevent scoring. Mechanism fully enclosed against weather and dirt.

Presentation Outline	Sales Data
HARMONIZED STEERING	
Design	
Type.....	Hourglass design gives more surface contact with sector and provides easier steering.
Wheel.....	18 inches in diameter. Moulded Bakelite with steel insert reduction 17 to 1. 3 $\frac{5}{8}$ turns of wheel for full left turn.
Modulator.....	Mounted on same side as steering mechanism. It dampens road shocks before they travel from frame to steering gear.
FRONT AXLE	
Type.....	Reverse Elliott I-beam construction.
Bearings.....	Wheels—Double ball bearing each wheel (New Departure). King Pin—Upper and lower ball bearings (New Departure).
Tread.....	57 $\frac{1}{4}$ inches.
CADILLAC ACHIEVEMENTS STORY	
Leadership	
Firsts and Car Improvements	
Before 1914.....	1912 Cadillac introduced electric starting, lighting and ignition. Recognized trend to closed bodies. First large order (150) for closed bodies was placed with Fisher in 1910.
Model 51 1914..	First 90-degree, V-type, high-speed engine.
1916..	Introduced thermostatic control of cooling medium.